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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/047,244	01/14/2002	Juho Jumppanen	15208	5900
7590 03/19/2004 SCULLY, SCOTT, MURPHY & PRESSER			EXAMINER	
			MENON, KRISHNAN S	
400 Garden City, N			ART UNIT PAPER NUMBER 1723	
,,,				
			DATE MAILED: 03/19/2004	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application No.	Applicant(a)		
Office Action Summary		Application No.	Applicant(s)		
		10/047,244	JUMPPANEN ET AL.		
		Examiner	Art Unit		
		Krishnan S Menon	1723		
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication app or Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address		
THE - Exte after - If the - If NC - Failu Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. nsions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. Period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply operiod for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period we are to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing ed patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	i6(a). In no event, however, may a reply be time within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days ill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONEI	ely filed will be considered timely. the mailing date of this communication. (35 U.S.C. § 133).		
Status					
1)	Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>05 Ma</u>	arch 2004			
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	☐ This action is FINAL . 2b) ☐ This action is non-final.				
3)□	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
Dispositi	on of Claims				
5)□ 6)⊠ 7)⊠	Claim(s) <u>1-10</u> is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw Claim(s) is/are allowed. Claim(s) <u>1-8 and 10</u> is/are rejected. Claim(s) <u>9</u> is/are objected to. Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or				
Applicati	on Papers				
10)	The specification is objected to by the Examiner The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) acceed applicant may not request that any objection to the discrepancement drawing sheet(s) including the correction to a contract of the oath or declaration is objected to by the Example 1.	pted or b) objected to by the Elrawing(s) be held in abeyance. See on is required if the drawing(s) is object.	37 CFR 1.85(a). ected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).		
Priority u	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119				
12) <u></u> a)[Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents 2. Certified copies of the priority documents 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority application from the International Bureau see the attached detailed Office action for a list of	have been received. have been received in Application ty documents have been received (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	on No d in this National Stage		
Attachment	(s)				
2) 🔲 Notice 3) 🔲 Inform	e of References Cited (PTO-892) e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) No(s)/Mail Date	4) Interview Summary (Paper No(s)/Mail Dat 5) Notice of Informal Pa 6) Other:			

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DETAILED ACTION

Claims 1-10 are pending.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

- (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 1. Claims 1-8 and 10 rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over JP H6-227994 in view of JP 60-115699, Chemical Engineer's Handbook, Perry and Green, p ages 13-53-13-57, and Somekh et al (US 3,714,033).

JP(994) discloses a process for separating essential oils comprising steam distillation (page 3, Para 0001) (applicant has steam distillation or extraction as alternate but equivalent processes in claim 1) to a mixture containing essential oils and water, contacting with divinyl benzene polystyrene adsorbent or activated carbon (page 3, para 0001) and then desorbing the essential oils using a solvent that is more hydrophobic than the hydrophilic phase (para 0036-page 13 of English translation: hydrophilic phase is water, eluting solvent is acetone) as in instant claim 1 and 2. The water (hydrophilic phase) temperature is at 60° C (page 8, para 0020) as in instant claim 3; the hydrophobic absorbent is synthetic polymer — divinyl benzene cross-linked-polystyrene, activated carbon, etc, as in instant claim 4 and 5. (page 8: 0016,0017); material is Cyprus (page 3: claim 2) as in instant claim 6; Cyprus or yellow oils (page

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11: 0030) as in instant claim 7; and the process is continuous as in instant claim 10 (page 11: 0029).

JP (994) is silent on recycling the hydrophilic solvent, water, as in claim 1 of the instant application. Recycling of solvent in extractive and steam distillation is a commonly used as taught in a standard textbook of Chemical Engineering, such as Chemical Engineer's Handbook, by Perry and Green, 6th edition (see pages 13-53 through13-57, and the figures), and by Somekh (033) (see figure and col 1 lines 58-60). It would be obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of invention to recycle the water used in the process. One of ordinary skill in the art at the time of invention would chose to recycle water in the process of JP (994) to recycle solvents in extraction and distillation processes for process economics as taught by the references.

JP (994) does not teach adsorption and elution from the same column as in claim 1 step (iv) or claim 8 – chromatographic separation. JP (699) teaches adsorbing in to a packed column and then eluting the essential oils from the same column using a solvent more hydrophilic (pages 5 and 6 of English translation). It would be obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of invention to use the teaching of JP(699) in the teaching of JP(994) to elute the essential oils from the adsorption column to "selectively" recover (by chromatographic separation) the essential oils as taught by JP(699) (see 'Effects of Invention' on page 4).

Allowable Subject Matter

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Claim 9 is objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

The following is a statement of reasons for the indication of allowable subject matter: Claim 9 recites chromatographic recovery of myristic acid and irone from orris oil, which is obtained by steam distillation or extraction. The prior arts are JP(994) in view of JP(699) which do not specifically teach, nor is it obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art, chromatographic recovery of myristic acid and irone from orris oil.

Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments filed 3/5/04 (supplemental comments to advisory action) have been fully considered but they are not persuasive for claim 1-8 and 10.

Applicant's main argument re patentability of the pending claims is the recycling of the hydrophilic solvent in claim 1. Applicant's argument about the extractive distillation taught by the Chemical Engineer's handbook are not relevant. What is pointed out in the rejection is the commonality of recycling solvents, which is a standard procedure followed in the industry, and is taught in standard text books (example – Perry). The international (PCT) examiner points this out in his written opinion (PCT-408). Applicant admits this fact in the last paragraph of page 2 of the specification. The additional reference Somekh teaches routine recycling of solvent. Arguments that the kind of distillation taught by Perry *teaches away* from the kind of distillation that is the subject of the present claim: the examiner would like to know how Perry teaches away,

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and how Perry teaches away from recycling solvents (subject matter of the argument) in

particular?

Arguments from the after final amendments were already addressed in the

advisory action.

Conclusion

This is a first action in response to and RCE and is made non-final.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the

examiner should be directed to Krishnan S Menon whose telephone number is 571-272-

1143. The examiner can normally be reached on 8:00-4:30.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's

supervisor, Wanda L Walker can be reached on 571-272-1151. The fax phone number

for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the

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Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Krishnan Menon Patent Examiner

W. L. WALKER
SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER
TECHNOLOGY CENTER 1705